City of Umatilla Drinking Water Report 2024 Sampling Results

We provide quality drinking water that meets all Federal and State requirements. During recent years we have sampled many different chemicals for contamination. Contamination is anything other than pure water. We sample total coliform bacteria as an indicator of microorganisms (bacteria, viruses and other small creatures) that should not be present. The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the past calendar year or in our most recent tests as noted. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling 541-922-3226 or U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

EPA's website is www.epa.gov/safewater

Terms and abbreviations

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. IDEAL GOAL

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. HIGHEST LEVEL ALLOWED

Action Level (AL): the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. **na**: not applicable **nd**: not detectable at testing limit ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter (1 drop in 1 million gallons) ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter (1 drop in 1 billion gallons) **pCi/l** : picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

Regulated			Our	Sample	Exceedances/	Typical Source of
Contaminant	MCLG	MCL	Water	Date	Violation	Contaminant
(TTHM) Total	na	80	10.1	9-18-24	No	Disinfection byproduct
Trihalomethanes (ppb)						
Total Haloacetic	na	80	ND	9-18-24	No	Disinfection byproduct
Acids (HAA5) (ppb)						
Fluoride (ppb)	4	4	2.63	8-11-20	No	Naturally occurring
Sodium (ppm)	na	na	102.0*	8-11-20	No	Naturally occurring
Lead (ppb)	0	15AL	0 0-4.0	2024	No; 0 above AL	Lead service lines, corrosion of household plumbing including fittings and fixtures; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	1.3	1.3AL	0.014	2024	No; 0	Corrosive water &
			0-0.049		above AL	home plumbing
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CITY OF **UMATILLA**



DRINKING WATER REPORT 2024

This is our annual Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) on your drinking water system. The most recently required sampling results have been gathered to inform customers about their tap water. With this information, we hope you will learn more about your water and will help protect water for future use. the

Sources of drinking water: both tap water and bottled water originate as "surface water" from rivers and lakes or as "ground water" from springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material. Water picks up wastes from both human and animal activities. Surface water is usually filtered and disinfected to remove bacteria, viruses, and protozoa. Ground water is usually filtered naturally.

Contaminants that may be present include:

<u>Microbial</u> contaminants such as bacteria, viruses, and protozoa are very small living creatures that may be natural and harmless or harmful if originating from septic systems, agricultural livestock operations or wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants such as heavy metals can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges.

<u>Pesticides and herbicides</u> may come from agriculture and residential uses.

<u>Radioactive</u> contaminants are naturally occurring.

<u>Organic chemical</u> contaminants are usually man-made (synthetic) and vaporize easily (volatile). Petroleum products and degreasers are examples of gas station and dry cleaner waste transported by storm water and sewers.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

The <u>State of Oregon</u> has completed this assessment plan for our wells which includes a map of where the water comes from, possible sources of contamination, and a review of the susceptibility of the source for contamination. This plan is available for public review.

SERVICE LINE INVENTORY The City of Umatilla completed the service line inventory using records and inspections of all service line material types. We have no lead service lines. We have no service lines of unknown materials. We have a total of 2445 service lines.

#VIOLATION

Our system received a violation for Late reporting of CCR Water Reports. <u>CCR</u> <u>Consumer Confidence Reports</u> are required to be delivered to water system customers by July 1st and certified with the state by October 1st of each year. <u>State records indicate not being in</u> <u>compliance with state regulations</u> for distributing the reports to customers by July 1st. We returned to compliance July 26, 2024.

EPA ensures that tap water is safe to drink by writing regulations that limits both natural and man-made contaminants. We follow both state and federal regulations. Interstate bottled water is regulated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Your drinking water comes from a groundwater source using four deep basalt wells. Combined, these wells can deliver more than 5,500 gallons per minute. Our facilities provided millions of gallons of clean drinking water to our customers in 2024

Community Participation

Customers are invited to participate in our City Council meetings and voice any concerns or questions about your drinking water. We meet the first Tuesday of each month beginning at 7 p.m. at City Hall Chambers, 700 6th Street, Umatilla, OR.

Spanish (Español)

Este informe contiene información muy importante, Sobre la calidad de su agua potable. Lea esta información, Si usted necesita más información, preguntas, o ayuda con traducción sobre esta información por favor de comunicarse con la Ciudad de Umatilla al 541-922-3226.

INFORMATION

SODIUM 102*: There is no standard for sodium in drinking water at the federal level, but USEPA and the <u>State of Oregon</u> recommend that drinking water sodium be 20 ppm or less because sodium is so common in other beverages and food.

##VIOLATION

We test for <u>Total Coliform Bacteria</u> monthly. State records indicate not receiving enough test result reports for the month of March. All other test results during <u>2024</u> showed no detection of contamination.

HEALTH TIP

Lead can cause serious health problems. especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Umatilla is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact the City of Umatilla and Leon Scheel. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to exposure is minimize available at:http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead



For more information about this report, or for any questions relating to your drinking water, please contact Leon Scheel, Public Works Superintendent, at 541-922-3226